

设 $u_{a,s}$ 是感应电机定子绕组 A 相电压, $u_{b,s}$ 是感应电机定子绕组 B 相电压, $u_{c,s}$ 是感应电机定子绕组 C 相电压.

按照式(1)定义电压向量 $\mathbf{u}_s \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\mathbf{u}_s = [u_{a,s} \ u_{b,s} \ u_{c,s}]^T \quad (1)$$

设 $u_{a,r}$ 是感应电机转子绕组 A 相电压, $u_{b,r}$ 是感应电机转子绕组 B 相电压, $u_{c,r}$ 是感应电机转子绕组 C 相电压.

按照式(2)定义电压向量 $\mathbf{u}_r \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\mathbf{u}_r = [u_{a,r} \ u_{b,r} \ u_{c,r}]^T \quad (2)$$

设 $i_{a,s}$ 是感应电机定子绕组 A 相电流, $i_{b,s}$ 是感应电机定子绕组 B 相电流, $i_{c,s}$ 是感应电机定子绕组 C 相电流.

按照式(3)定义电流向量 $\mathbf{i}_s \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\mathbf{i}_s = [i_{a,s} \ i_{b,s} \ i_{c,s}]^T \quad (3)$$

设 $i_{a,r}$ 是感应电机转子绕组 A 相电流, $i_{b,r}$ 是感应电机转子绕组 B 相电流, $i_{c,r}$ 是感应电机转子绕组 C 相电流.

按照式(4)定义电流向量 $\mathbf{i}_r \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\mathbf{i}_r = [i_{a,r} \ i_{b,r} \ i_{c,r}]^T \quad (4)$$

设 $\psi_{a,s}$ 是感应电机定子绕组 A 相磁链, $\psi_{b,s}$ 是感应电机定子绕组 B 相磁链, $\psi_{c,s}$ 是感应电机定子绕组 C 相磁链.

按照式(5)定义磁链向量 $\psi_s \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\psi_s = [\psi_{a,s} \ \psi_{b,s} \ \psi_{c,s}]^T \quad (5)$$

设 $\psi_{a,r}$ 是感应电机转子绕组 A 相磁链, $\psi_{b,r}$ 是感应电机转子绕组 B 相磁链, $\psi_{c,r}$ 是感应电机转子绕组 C 相磁链.

按照式(6)定义磁链向量 $\psi_r \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\psi_r = [\psi_{a,r} \ \psi_{b,r} \ \psi_{c,r}]^T \quad (6)$$

按照式(7)定义 3 行 3 列的矩阵 \mathbf{L}_s :

$$\mathbf{L}_s = \begin{bmatrix} L_s - M_s & -M_s & -M_s \\ -M_s & L_s - M_s & -M_s \\ -M_s & -M_s & L_s - M_s \end{bmatrix} \quad (7)$$

其中: $L_s \in \Re$ 且 $M_s \in \Re$.

按照式(8)定义 3 行 3 列的矩阵 \mathbf{L}_r :

$$\mathbf{L}_r = \begin{bmatrix} L_r - M_r & -M_r & -M_r \\ -M_r & L_r - M_r & -M_r \\ -M_r & -M_r & L_r - M_r \end{bmatrix} \quad (8)$$

其中: $L_r \in \Re$ 且 $M_r \in \Re$.

设初始时刻为 $t_0 \in \Re$, 将 t 时刻感应电机定子接入的系统频率记为 $\omega_s(t)$, $t \geq t_0$.

按照式(9)定义 t 时刻感应电机定子相位 θ_s :

$$\theta_s(t) = \theta_{s0} + \int_{t_0}^t \omega_s(\tau) d\tau, \theta_{s0} \in \Re \quad (9)$$

由式(9)可以得到式(10):

$$\frac{d\theta_s(t)}{dt} = \omega_s(t), \quad t \geq t_0 \quad (10)$$

将 t 时刻感应电机转子转速记为 $\omega_r(t)$, $t \geq t_0$, 并按照式(11)定义 t 时刻感应电机转子位置 θ_s :

$$\theta_r(t) = \theta_{r0} + \int_{t_0}^t \omega_r(\tau) d\tau, \quad \theta_{s0} \in \Re \quad (11)$$

由式(11)可以得到式(12):

$$\frac{d\theta_r(t)}{dt} = \omega_r(t), \quad t \geq t_0 \quad (12)$$

按照式(13)定义 3 行 3 列的矩阵 M_{sr} :

$$M_{sr} = M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) \\ \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos \theta_r & \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \quad (13)$$

其中: $M_{sr} \in \Re$.

式(14)给出了感应电机定子绕组的磁链方程:

$$\psi_s = L_s i_s + M_{sr} i_r \quad (14)$$

式(15)给出了感应电机转子绕组的磁链方程:

$$\psi_r = M_{sr}^T i_s + L_r i_r \quad (15)$$

根据式(14)和(15)可以得到式(16):

$$\begin{bmatrix} \psi_s \\ \psi_r \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} L_s & M_{sr} \\ M_{sr}^T & L_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_s \\ i_r \end{bmatrix} \quad (16)$$

设定子绕组各相电阻均为 R_s , 式(17)给出了感应电机定子绕组的电压方程:

$$u_s = \frac{d\psi_s}{dt} + R_s i_s \quad (17)$$

设转子绕组各相电阻均为 R_r , 式(18)给出了感应电机转子绕组的电压方程:

$$u_r = \frac{d\psi_r}{dt} + R_r i_r \quad (18)$$

根据式(17)和(18)可以得到式(19):

$$\begin{bmatrix} u_s \\ u_r \end{bmatrix} = \frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} \psi_s \\ \psi_r \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} R_s E & \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{O} & R_r E \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_s \\ i_r \end{bmatrix} \quad (19)$$

其中: \mathbf{O} 是 3 行 3 列的零矩阵.

根据式(7)可以得到式(20):

$$\frac{dL_s}{dt} = \mathbf{O} \quad (20)$$

其中: \mathbf{O} 是 3 行 3 列的零矩阵.

根据式(8)可以得到式(21):

$$\frac{dL_r}{dt} = \mathbf{O} \quad (21)$$

其中: \mathbf{O} 是 3 行 3 列的零矩阵.

按照式(22)定义 3 行 3 列的矩阵 F_{sr} :

$$\mathbf{F}_{\text{sr}} = \frac{1}{\omega_r} \cdot \frac{d\mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}}}{dt} \quad (22)$$

将式(13)代入式(22), 得到式(23):

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{F}_{\text{sr}} &= \frac{1}{\omega_r} \cdot \frac{d}{dt} \left(M_{\text{sr}} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) \\ \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos \theta_r & \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \right) \\ \mathbf{F}_{\text{sr}} &= -\frac{M_{\text{sr}}}{\omega_r} \cdot \frac{d\theta_r}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} \sin \theta_r & \sin(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \sin(\theta_r - 120^\circ) \\ \sin(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \sin \theta_r & \sin(\theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \sin(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \sin(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \sin \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (23)$$

将式(12)代入式(24), 得到式(24):

$$\mathbf{F}_{\text{sr}} = -M_{\text{sr}} \begin{bmatrix} \sin \theta_r & \sin(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \sin(\theta_r - 120^\circ) \\ \sin(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \sin \theta_r & \sin(\theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \sin(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \sin(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \sin \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \quad (24)$$

由式(22)可以得到式(25):

$$\frac{d\mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}}}{dt} = \omega_r \mathbf{F}_{\text{sr}} \quad (25)$$

由式(14)可以得到式(26):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\psi_s}{dt} &= \frac{d}{dt} (\mathbf{L}_s \mathbf{i}_s + \mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}} \mathbf{i}_r) \\ \frac{d\psi_s}{dt} &= \left(\frac{d\mathbf{L}_s}{dt} \right) \mathbf{i}_s + \mathbf{L}_s \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \left(\frac{d\mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}}}{dt} \right) \mathbf{i}_r + \mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}} \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

式(15)可以得到式(27):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\psi_r}{dt} &= \frac{d}{dt} (\mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}}^T \mathbf{i}_s + \mathbf{L}_r \mathbf{i}_r) \\ \frac{d\psi_r}{dt} &= \left(\frac{d\mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}}}{dt} \right)^T \mathbf{i}_s + \mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}}^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \left(\frac{d\mathbf{L}_r}{dt} \right) \mathbf{i}_r + \mathbf{L}_r \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

将式(20)和(25)代入式(26), 得到式(28):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\psi_s}{dt} &= \mathbf{O}\mathbf{i}_s + \mathbf{L}_s \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \omega_r \mathbf{F}_{\text{sr}} \mathbf{i}_r + \mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}} \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \\ \frac{d\psi_s}{dt} &= \mathbf{L}_s \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}} \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} + \omega_r \mathbf{F}_{\text{sr}} \mathbf{i}_r \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

将式(21)和(25)代入式(27), 得到式(29):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\psi_r}{dt} &= \omega_r \mathbf{F}_{\text{sr}}^T \mathbf{i}_s + \mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}}^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \mathbf{O}\mathbf{i}_r + \mathbf{L}_r \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \\ \frac{d\psi_r}{dt} &= \mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}}^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \mathbf{L}_r \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} + \omega_r \mathbf{F}_{\text{sr}}^T \mathbf{i}_s \end{aligned} \quad (29)$$

将式(28)代入式(17), 得到式(30):

$$\mathbf{u}_s = \mathbf{L}_s \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \mathbf{M}_{\text{sr}} \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} + R_s \mathbf{i}_s + \omega_r \mathbf{F}_{\text{sr}} \mathbf{i}_r \quad (30)$$

将式(29)代入式(18), 得到式(31):

$$\mathbf{u}_r = \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \mathbf{L}_r \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} + \omega_r \mathbf{F}_{sr}^T \mathbf{i}_s + R_r \mathbf{i}_r \quad (31)$$

根据式(30)和(31)可以得到式(32):

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_s \\ \mathbf{u}_r \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{L}_s & \mathbf{M}_{sr} \\ \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T & \mathbf{L}_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} \\ \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} R_s \mathbf{E} & \omega_r \mathbf{F}_{sr} \\ \omega_r \mathbf{F}_{sr}^T & R_r \mathbf{E} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{i}_s \\ \mathbf{i}_r \end{bmatrix} \quad (32)$$

按照式(33)定义3行3列的矩阵 \mathbf{C}_s :

$$\mathbf{C}_s = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_s & -\sin \theta_s & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (33)$$

按照式(34)定义3行3列的矩阵 \mathbf{C}_r :

$$\mathbf{C}_r = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (34)$$

根据式(33)可以得到式(35):

$$\mathbf{C}_s^{-1} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_s & \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) \\ -\sin \theta_s & -\sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (35)$$

根据式(34)可以得到式(36):

$$\mathbf{C}_r^{-1} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (36)$$

按照式(37)定义dq0坐标系下电压向量 $\hat{\mathbf{u}}_s \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_s = \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{u}_s \quad (37)$$

按照式(38)定义dq0坐标系下电压向量 $\hat{\mathbf{u}}_r \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_r = \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{u}_r \quad (38)$$

按照式(39)定义 dq0 坐标系下电流向量 $\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s = \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{i}_s \quad (39)$$

按照式(40)定义 dq0 坐标系下电流向量 $\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r = \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{i}_r \quad (40)$$

由式(37)可以得到式(41):

$$\mathbf{u}_s = \mathbf{C}_s \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s \quad (41)$$

由式(38)可以得到式(42):

$$\mathbf{u}_r = \mathbf{C}_r \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \quad (42)$$

由式(39)可以得到式(43):

$$\mathbf{i}_s = \mathbf{C}_s \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s \quad (43)$$

由式(40)可以得到式(44):

$$\mathbf{i}_r = \mathbf{C}_r \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \quad (44)$$

由式(33)可以得到式(45):

$$\frac{d\mathbf{C}_s}{dt} = -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot \frac{d\theta_s}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} \sin\theta_s & \cos\theta_s & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (45)$$

由式(34)可以得到式(46):

$$\frac{d\mathbf{C}_r}{dt} = -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{d\theta_s}{dt} - \frac{d\theta_r}{dt} \right) \begin{bmatrix} \sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (46)$$

将式(10)代入式(45), 得到式(47):

$$\frac{d\mathbf{C}_s}{dt} = -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \omega_s \begin{bmatrix} \sin\theta_s & \cos\theta_s & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (47)$$

将式(10)和(12)代入式(46), 得到式(48):

$$\frac{d\mathbf{C}_r}{dt} = -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} (\omega_s - \omega_r) \begin{bmatrix} \sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (48)$$

按照式(49)定义 3 行 3 列的矩阵 $\hat{\mathbf{L}}_s$:

$$\hat{\mathbf{L}}_s = \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{L}_s \mathbf{C}_s \quad (49)$$

按照式(50)定义 3 行 3 列的矩阵 $\hat{\mathbf{L}}_r$:

$$\hat{\mathbf{L}}_r = \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{L}_r \mathbf{C}_r \quad (50)$$

按照式(51)定义 3 行 3 列的矩阵 $\hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr}$:

$$\hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} = \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr} \mathbf{C}_r \quad (51)$$

按照式(52)定义 3 行 3 列的矩阵 $\hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr}$:

$$\hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} = \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{F}_{sr} \mathbf{C}_r \quad (52)$$

按照式(53)定义3行3列的矩阵 \hat{V}_s :

$$\hat{V}_s = \frac{1}{\omega_s} \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{L}_s \frac{d\mathbf{C}_s}{dt} \quad (53)$$

按照式(54)定义3行3列的矩阵:

$$\hat{V}_r = \frac{1}{\omega_s - \omega_r} \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{L}_r \frac{d\mathbf{C}_r}{dt} \quad (54)$$

按照式(55)定义3行3列的矩阵 \hat{V}_{sr} :

$$\hat{V}_{sr} = \frac{1}{\omega_s - \omega_r} \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr} \frac{d\mathbf{C}_r}{dt} \quad (55)$$

按照式(56)定义3行3列的矩阵 \hat{V}_{rs} :

$$\hat{V}_{rs} = \frac{1}{\omega_s} \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \frac{d\mathbf{C}_s}{dt} \quad (56)$$

将式(7), (33)和(35)代入式(49), 得到式(57):

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\mathbf{L}}_s &= \frac{2}{3} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_s & \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) \\ -\sin \theta_s & -\sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L_s - M_s & -M_s & -M_s \\ -M_s & L_s - M_s & -M_s \\ -M_s & -M_s & L_s - M_s \end{bmatrix} \\ &\cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_s & -\sin \theta_s & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \\ \hat{\mathbf{L}}_s &= \begin{bmatrix} L_s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & L_s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & L_s - 3M_s \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (57)$$

将式(8), (34)和(36)代入式(50), 得到式(58):

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\mathbf{L}}_r &= \frac{2}{3} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \\ &\cdot \begin{bmatrix} L_r - M_r & -M_r & -M_r \\ -M_r & L_r - M_r & -M_r \\ -M_r & -M_r & L_r - M_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{L}}_r = \begin{bmatrix} L_r & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & L_r & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & L_r - 3M_r \end{bmatrix} \quad (58)$$

将式(13), (34)和(35)代入式(51), 得到式(59):

$$\hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} = \frac{2}{3} M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta_s & \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) \\ -\sin\theta_s & -\sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta_r & \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos\theta_r \\ \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} = \frac{3}{2} M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (59)$$

根据式(13), (33)和(36)可以得到式(60):

$$\mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \mathbf{C}_s = \frac{2}{3} M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) \\ \cos\theta_r & \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos\theta_r \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta_s & -\sin\theta_s & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \mathbf{C}_s = \frac{3}{2} M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (60)$$

将式(60)代入式(59), 得到式(61):

$$\mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \mathbf{C}_s = \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr}^T \quad (61)$$

将式(24), (34)和(35)代入式(52), 得到式(62):

$$\begin{aligned}
\hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} &= -\frac{2}{3} M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_s & \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) \\ -\sin \theta_s & -\sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sin \theta_r & \sin(\theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \sin(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \sin \theta_r \\ \sin(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \sin(\theta_r - 120^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \\
&\quad \begin{bmatrix} \sin(\theta_r - 120^\circ) \\ \sin(\theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \sin \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \\
\hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} &= \frac{3}{2} M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{62}
\end{aligned}$$

根据式(62)可以进一步得到式(63):

$$\hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr}^T = -\hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} \tag{63}$$

根据式(33)和(35)可以得到式(64):

$$\mathbf{C}_s = (\mathbf{C}_s^{-1})^T \tag{64}$$

根据式(34)和(36)可以得到式(65):

$$\mathbf{C}_r^T = \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \tag{65}$$

根据式(64)和(65)可以得到式(66):

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{F}_{sr}^T \mathbf{C}_s &= \mathbf{C}_r^T \mathbf{F}_{sr}^T (\mathbf{C}_s^{-1})^T \\
\mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{F}_{sr}^T \mathbf{C}_s &= (\mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{F}_{sr} \mathbf{C}_r)^T \tag{66}
\end{aligned}$$

将式(52)代入式(66), 得到式(67):

$$\mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{F}_{sr}^T \mathbf{C}_s = \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr}^T \tag{67}$$

将式(63)代入式(67), 得到式(68):

$$\mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{F}_{sr}^T \mathbf{C}_s = -\hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} \tag{68}$$

将式(7), (35)和(47)代入式(53), 得到式(69):

$$\begin{aligned}
\hat{\mathcal{V}}_s &= \frac{2}{3} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_s & -\sin \theta_s & \cos 45^\circ \\ \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \cos 45^\circ \\ \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & \cos 45^\circ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} M_s - L_s & M_s & M_s \\ M_s & M_s - L_s & M_s \\ M_s & M_s & M_s - L_s \end{bmatrix} \\
&\quad \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \sin \theta_s & \cos \theta_s & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) & 0 \end{bmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{V}_s = L_s \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (69)$$

将式(8), (36)和(48)代入式(54), 得到式(70):

$$\hat{V}_r = \frac{2}{3} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} M_r - L_r & M_r \\ M_r & M_r - L_r \\ M_r & M_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{V}_r = L_r \begin{bmatrix} \sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (70)$$

将式(13), (35)和(48)代入式(55), 得到式(71):

$$\hat{V}_{sr} = \frac{2}{3} M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_s & \cos(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s + 120^\circ) \\ -\sin \theta_s & -\sin(\theta_s - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s + 120^\circ) \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos \theta_r \\ \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{V}_{sr} = \frac{3}{2} M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & -\cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & 0 \\ \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & -\cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & 0 \\ \cos \theta_r & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) & -\cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (71)$$

将式(13), (36)和(47)代入式(56), 得到式(72):

$$\hat{V}_{sr} = \frac{2}{3} M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & \cos(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r - 120^\circ) & -\sin(\theta_s - \theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r \\ \cos(\theta_r + 120^\circ) \\ \cos(\theta_r - 120^\circ) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{V}_{\text{rs}} = \frac{3}{2} M_{\text{sr}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (72)$$

将式(71)代入式(62), 得到式(73):

$$\hat{V}_{\text{sr}} = \hat{F}_{\text{sr}} \quad (73)$$

将式(72)代入式(62), 得到式(74):

$$\hat{V}_{\text{rs}} = \hat{F}_{\text{sr}} \quad (74)$$

将式(41), (43)和(44)代入式(30), 得到式(75):

$$\begin{aligned} C_s \hat{u}_s &= L_s \frac{d}{dt} (C_s \hat{i}_s) + M_{\text{sr}} \frac{d}{dt} (C_r \hat{i}_r) + R_s C_s \hat{i}_s + \omega_r F_{\text{sr}} C_r \hat{i}_r \\ &= L_s \left(\frac{dC_s}{dt} \right) \hat{i}_s + L_s C_s \frac{d\hat{i}_s}{dt} + M_{\text{sr}} \left(\frac{dC_r}{dt} \right) \hat{i}_r + M_{\text{sr}} C_r \frac{d\hat{i}_r}{dt} + R_s C_s \hat{i}_s + \omega_r F_{\text{sr}} C_r \hat{i}_r \\ &= L_s C_s \frac{d\hat{i}_s}{dt} + M_{\text{sr}} C_r \frac{d\hat{i}_r}{dt} + \left(L_s \frac{dC_s}{dt} + R_s C_s \right) \hat{i}_s + \left(M_{\text{sr}} \frac{dC_r}{dt} + \omega_r F_{\text{sr}} C_r \right) \hat{i}_r \\ C_s^{-1} C_s \hat{u}_s &= C_s^{-1} L_s C_s \frac{d\hat{i}_s}{dt} + C_s^{-1} M_{\text{sr}} C_r \frac{d\hat{i}_r}{dt} + C_s^{-1} \left(L_s \frac{dC_s}{dt} + R_s C_s \right) \hat{i}_s + C_s^{-1} \left(M_{\text{sr}} \frac{dC_r}{dt} + \omega_r F_{\text{sr}} C_r \right) \hat{i}_r \\ E \hat{u}_s &= C_s^{-1} L_s C_s \frac{d\hat{i}_s}{dt} + C_s^{-1} M_{\text{sr}} C_r \frac{d\hat{i}_r}{dt} + \left(C_s^{-1} L_s \frac{dC_s}{dt} + R_s C_s^{-1} C_s \right) \hat{i}_s \\ &\quad + \left(C_s^{-1} M_{\text{sr}} \frac{dC_r}{dt} + \omega_r C_s^{-1} F_{\text{sr}} C_r \right) \hat{i}_r \\ \hat{u}_s &= C_s^{-1} L_s C_s \frac{d\hat{i}_s}{dt} + C_s^{-1} M_{\text{sr}} C_r \frac{d\hat{i}_r}{dt} + \left(C_s^{-1} L_s \frac{dC_s}{dt} + R_s E \right) \hat{i}_s + \left(C_s^{-1} M_{\text{sr}} \frac{dC_r}{dt} + \omega_r C_s^{-1} F_{\text{sr}} C_r \right) \hat{i}_r \quad (75) \end{aligned}$$

将式(42), (43)和(44)代入式(31), 得到式(76):

$$\begin{aligned} C_r \hat{u}_r &= M_{\text{sr}}^T \frac{d}{dt} (C_s \hat{i}_s) + L_r \frac{d}{dt} (C_r \hat{i}_r) + \omega_r F_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \hat{i}_s + R_r C_r \hat{i}_r \\ &= M_{\text{sr}}^T \left(\frac{dC_s}{dt} \right) \hat{i}_s + M_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \frac{d\hat{i}_s}{dt} + L_r \left(\frac{dC_r}{dt} \right) \hat{i}_r + L_r C_r \frac{d\hat{i}_r}{dt} + \omega_r F_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \hat{i}_s + R_r C_r \hat{i}_r \\ &= M_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \frac{d\hat{i}_s}{dt} + L_r C_r \frac{d\hat{i}_r}{dt} + \left(M_{\text{sr}}^T \frac{dC_s}{dt} + \omega_r F_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \right) \hat{i}_s + \left(L_r \frac{dC_r}{dt} + R_r C_r \right) \hat{i}_r \\ C_r^{-1} C_r \hat{u}_r &= C_r^{-1} M_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \frac{d\hat{i}_s}{dt} + C_r^{-1} L_r C_r \frac{d\hat{i}_r}{dt} + C_r^{-1} \left(M_{\text{sr}}^T \frac{dC_s}{dt} + \omega_r F_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \right) \hat{i}_s + C_r^{-1} \left(L_r \frac{dC_r}{dt} + R_r C_r \right) \hat{i}_r \\ E \hat{u}_r &= C_r^{-1} M_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \frac{d\hat{i}_s}{dt} + C_r^{-1} L_r C_r \frac{d\hat{i}_r}{dt} + \left(C_r^{-1} M_{\text{sr}}^T \frac{dC_s}{dt} + \omega_r C_r^{-1} F_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \right) \hat{i}_s \\ &\quad + \left(C_r^{-1} L_r \frac{dC_r}{dt} + R_r C_r^{-1} C_r \right) \hat{i}_r \\ \hat{u}_r &= C_r^{-1} M_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \frac{d\hat{i}_s}{dt} + C_r^{-1} L_r C_r \frac{d\hat{i}_r}{dt} + \left(C_r^{-1} M_{\text{sr}}^T \frac{dC_s}{dt} + \omega_r C_r^{-1} F_{\text{sr}}^T C_s \right) \hat{i}_s + \left(C_r^{-1} L_r \frac{dC_r}{dt} + R_r E \right) \hat{i}_r \quad (76) \end{aligned}$$

根据式(75)和(76)可以得到式(77):

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{u}}_s \\ \hat{\mathbf{u}}_r \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R_s \mathbf{E} + \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{L}_s \frac{d\mathbf{C}_s}{dt} & \omega_r \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{F}_{sr} \mathbf{C}_r + \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr} \frac{d\mathbf{C}_r}{dt} \\ \omega_r \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{F}_{sr}^T \mathbf{C}_s + \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \frac{d\mathbf{C}_s}{dt} & R_r \mathbf{E} + \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{L}_r \frac{d\mathbf{C}_r}{dt} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s \\ \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \end{bmatrix} \\ + \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{L}_s \mathbf{C}_s & \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr} \mathbf{C}_r \\ \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \mathbf{C}_s & \mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{L}_r \mathbf{C}_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s^T}{dt} & \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r^T}{dt} \end{bmatrix}^T \quad (77)$$

由式(53)可以得到式(78):

$$\mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{L}_s \frac{d\mathbf{C}_s}{dt} = \omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_s \quad (78)$$

由式(54)可以得到式(79):

$$\mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{L}_r \frac{d\mathbf{C}_r}{dt} = (\omega_s - \omega_r) \hat{\mathbf{V}}_r \quad (79)$$

由式(55)可以得到式(80):

$$\mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr} \frac{d\mathbf{C}_r}{dt} = (\omega_s - \omega_r) \hat{\mathbf{V}}_{sr} \quad (80)$$

由式(56)可以得到式(81):

$$\mathbf{C}_r^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \frac{d\mathbf{C}_s}{dt} = \omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_{rs} \quad (81)$$

将式(49), (51), (52), (78)和(80)代入式(75), 得到式(82):

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_s = \hat{\mathbf{L}}_s \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s}{dt} + \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r}{dt} + (\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_s + R_s \mathbf{E}) \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s + [(\omega_s - \omega_r) \hat{\mathbf{V}}_{sr} + \omega_r \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr}] \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \quad (82)$$

将式(50), (61), (68), (79)和(81)代入式(76), 得到式(83):

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_r = \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr}^T \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s}{dt} + \hat{\mathbf{L}}_r \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r}{dt} + (\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_{rs} - \omega_r \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr}) \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s + [(\omega_s - \omega_r) \hat{\mathbf{V}}_r + R_r \mathbf{E}] \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \quad (83)$$

将式(73)代入式(82), 得到式(84):

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\mathbf{u}}_s &= \hat{\mathbf{L}}_s \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s}{dt} + \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r}{dt} + (\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_s + R_s \mathbf{E}) \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s + [(\omega_s - \omega_r) \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} + \omega_r \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr}] \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \\ \hat{\mathbf{u}}_r &= \hat{\mathbf{L}}_s \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s}{dt} + \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r}{dt} + (\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_s + R_s \mathbf{E}) \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s + \omega_s \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \end{aligned} \quad (84)$$

将式(74)代入式(83), 得到式(85):

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\mathbf{u}}_r &= \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr}^T \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s}{dt} + \hat{\mathbf{L}}_r \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r}{dt} + (\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} - \omega_r \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr}) \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s + [(\omega_s - \omega_r) \hat{\mathbf{V}}_r + R_r \mathbf{E}] \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \\ \hat{\mathbf{u}}_r &= \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr}^T \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s}{dt} + \hat{\mathbf{L}}_r \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r}{dt} + (\omega_s - \omega_r) \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s + [(\omega_s - \omega_r) \hat{\mathbf{V}}_r + R_r \mathbf{E}] \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \end{aligned} \quad (85)$$

根据式(84)和(85)可以得到式(86):

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{u}}_s \\ \hat{\mathbf{u}}_r \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{L}}_s & \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} \\ \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr}^T & \hat{\mathbf{L}}_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s}{dt} \\ \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r}{dt} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} R_s \mathbf{E} + \omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_s & \omega_s \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} \\ (\omega_s - \omega_r) \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} & R_r \mathbf{E} + (\omega_s - \omega_r) \hat{\mathbf{V}}_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s \\ \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \end{bmatrix} \quad (87)$$

设感应电机的滑差为 s , 那么式(88)成立:

$$\omega_s - \omega_r = s \omega_s \quad (88)$$

将式(88)代入式(85), 得到式(89):

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_r = \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr}^T \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s}{dt} + \hat{\mathbf{L}}_r \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r}{dt} + s\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s + (s\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_r + R_r \mathbf{E}) \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \quad (89)$$

按照式(90)定义电压向量 $\hat{\mathbf{u}}_s$ 的各分量:

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_s = [u_{d,s} \quad u_{q,s} \quad u_{0,s}]^T \quad (90)$$

按照式(91)定义电压向量 $\hat{\mathbf{u}}_r$ 的各分量:

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_r = [u_{d,r} \quad u_{q,r} \quad u_{0,r}]^T \quad (91)$$

按照式(92)定义电压向量 $\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s$ 的各分量:

$$\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s = [i_{d,s} \quad i_{q,s} \quad i_{0,s}]^T \quad (92)$$

按照式(93)定义电压向量 $\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r$ 的各分量:

$$\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r = [i_{d,r} \quad i_{q,r} \quad i_{0,r}]^T \quad (93)$$

按照式(94)定义标量 $L_{s0} \in \Re$:

$$L_{s0} = L_s - 3M_s \quad (94)$$

按照式(95)定义标量 $L_{r0} \in \Re$:

$$L_{r0} = L_r - 3M_r \quad (95)$$

按照式(96)定义标量 $M_m \in \Re$:

$$M_m = \frac{3}{2} M_{sr} \quad (96)$$

将式(93)代入式(57), 得到式(97):

$$\hat{\mathbf{L}}_s = \begin{bmatrix} L_s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & L_s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & L_{s0} \end{bmatrix} \quad (97)$$

将式(94)代入式(58), 得到式(98):

$$\hat{\mathbf{L}}_r = \begin{bmatrix} L_r & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & L_r & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & L_{r0} \end{bmatrix} \quad (98)$$

将式(96)代入式(59), 得到式(99):

$$\hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} = \begin{bmatrix} M_m & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & M_m & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (99)$$

将式(96)代入式(62), 得到式(100):

$$\hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -M_m & 0 \\ M_m & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (100)$$

由式(99)可以得到式(101):

$$\hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr}^T = \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} \quad (101)$$

将式(101)代入式(89), 得到式(102):

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_r = \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s}{dt} + \hat{\mathbf{L}}_r \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r}{dt} + s\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s + (s\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_r + R_r \mathbf{E}) \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \quad (102)$$

根据式(84)和(102)可以得到式(103):

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{u}}_s \\ \hat{\mathbf{u}}_r \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{L}}_s & \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} \\ \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} & \hat{\mathbf{L}}_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_s}{dt} \\ \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{i}}_r}{dt} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} R_s \mathbf{E} + \omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_s & \omega_s \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} \\ s\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{F}}_{sr} & R_r \mathbf{E} + s\omega_s \hat{\mathbf{V}}_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{i}}_s \\ \hat{\mathbf{i}}_r \end{bmatrix} \quad (103)$$

将式(69), (89), (92), (93), (97), (99)和(100)代入式(84), 得到式(104):

$$\begin{bmatrix} u_{d,s} \\ u_{q,s} \\ u_{0,s} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} L_s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & L_s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & L_{s0} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{di_{d,s}}{dt} & \frac{di_{q,s}}{dt} & \frac{di_{0,s}}{dt} \end{bmatrix}^T + \begin{bmatrix} R_s & -\omega_s L_s & 0 \\ \omega_s L_s & R_s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & R_s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{d,s} \\ i_{q,s} \\ i_{0,s} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{bmatrix} M_m & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & M_m & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{di_{d,r}}{dt} & \frac{di_{q,r}}{dt} & \frac{di_{0,r}}{dt} \end{bmatrix}^T + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\omega_s M_m & 0 \\ \omega_s M_m & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{d,r} \\ i_{q,r} \\ i_{0,r} \end{bmatrix} \quad (104)$$

将式(70), (90), (92), (93), (98), (99)和(100)代入式(102), 得到式(105):

$$\begin{bmatrix} u_{d,r} \\ u_{q,r} \\ u_{0,r} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} M_m & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & M_m & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{di_{d,s}}{dt} & \frac{di_{q,s}}{dt} & \frac{di_{0,s}}{dt} \end{bmatrix}^T + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -s\omega_s M_m & 0 \\ s\omega_s M_m & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{d,s} \\ i_{q,s} \\ i_{0,s} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{bmatrix} L_r & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & L_r & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & L_{r0} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{di_{d,r}}{dt} & \frac{di_{q,r}}{dt} & \frac{di_{0,r}}{dt} \end{bmatrix}^T + \begin{bmatrix} R_r & -s\omega_s L_r & 0 \\ s\omega_s L_r & R_r & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & R_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{d,r} \\ i_{q,r} \\ i_{0,r} \end{bmatrix} \quad (105)$$

由式(104)可以分别得到式(106), (107)和(108):

$$u_{d,s} = L_s \frac{di_{d,s}}{dt} + M_m \frac{di_{d,r}}{dt} + R_s i_{d,s} - \omega_s L_s i_{q,s} - \omega_s M_m i_{q,r} \quad (106)$$

$$u_{q,s} = L_s \frac{di_{q,s}}{dt} + M_m \frac{di_{q,r}}{dt} + \omega_s L_s i_{d,s} + R_s i_{q,s} + \omega_s M_m i_{d,r} \quad (107)$$

$$u_{0,s} = L_{s0} \frac{di_{0,s}}{dt} + R_s i_{0,s} \quad (108)$$

由式(105)可以分别得到式(109), (110)和(111):

$$u_{d,r} = M_m \frac{di_{d,s}}{dt} + L_r \frac{di_{d,r}}{dt} - s\omega_s M_m i_{q,s} + R_r i_{d,r} - s\omega_s L_r i_{q,r} \quad (109)$$

$$u_{q,r} = M_m \frac{di_{q,s}}{dt} + L_r \frac{di_{q,r}}{dt} + s\omega_s M_m i_{d,s} + s\omega_s L_r i_{d,r} + R_r i_{q,r} \quad (110)$$

$$u_{0,r} = L_{r0} \frac{di_{0,r}}{dt} + R_r i_{0,r} \quad (111)$$

设感应电机各绕组从自身电感端子注入磁场的功率的总和为 P_ψ , 式(112)给出了对功率 P_ψ 的计算:

$$P_\psi = \mathbf{i}_s^T \frac{d\psi_s}{dt} + \mathbf{i}_r^T \frac{d\psi_r}{dt} \quad (112)$$

设感应电机的磁场能量为 E_p , 式(113)给出了对磁场能量 E_p 的计算:

$$E_p = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{i}_s^T \psi_s + \mathbf{i}_r^T \psi_r) \quad (113)$$

设感应电机电磁功率为 P_e . 根据能量守恒定律, 感应电机各绕组从自身电感端子注入磁场的功率的总和 P_ψ 等于电磁功率 P_e 与磁场能量 E_p 对时间 t 的导数的和, 由此得到式(114):

$$P_e + \frac{dE_p}{dt} = P_\psi \quad (114)$$

由式(114)可以得到式(115):

$$P_e = P_\psi - \frac{dE_p}{dt} \quad (115)$$

由式(113)可以得到式(116):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dE_p}{dt} &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{d}{dt} \left(\mathbf{i}_s^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_s \right) + \frac{d}{dt} \left(\mathbf{i}_r^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_r \right) \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_s^T}{dt} \right) \boldsymbol{\psi}_s + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{i}_s^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_s}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_r^T}{dt} \right) \boldsymbol{\psi}_r + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{i}_r^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_r}{dt} \\ \frac{dE_p}{dt} &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} \right)^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_s + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{i}_s^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_s}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \right)^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_r + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{i}_r^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_r}{dt} \end{aligned} \quad (116)$$

由于矩阵乘积 $\left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} \right)^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_s$ 是一个实数, 其转置就等于自身, 由此得到式(117):

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} \right)^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_s &= \left[\left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} \right)^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_s \right]^T \\ \left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} \right)^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_s &= \boldsymbol{\psi}_s^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} \end{aligned} \quad (117)$$

由于矩阵乘积 $\left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \right)^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_r$ 是一个实数, 其转置就等于自身, 由此得到式(118):

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \right)^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_r &= \left[\left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \right)^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_r \right]^T \\ \left(\frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \right)^T \boldsymbol{\psi}_r &= \boldsymbol{\psi}_r^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \end{aligned} \quad (118)$$

将式(117)和(118)代入式(116), 得到式(119):

$$\frac{dE_p}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \boldsymbol{\psi}_s^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{i}_s^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_s}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} \boldsymbol{\psi}_r^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{i}_r^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_r}{dt} \quad (119)$$

将式(112)和(119)代入式(115), 得到式(120):

$$\begin{aligned} P_e &= \mathbf{i}_s^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_s}{dt} + \mathbf{i}_r^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_r}{dt} - \frac{1}{2} \left(\boldsymbol{\psi}_s^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \mathbf{i}_s^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_s}{dt} + \boldsymbol{\psi}_r^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} + \mathbf{i}_r^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_r}{dt} \right) \\ &= \mathbf{i}_s^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_s}{dt} + \mathbf{i}_r^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_r}{dt} - \frac{1}{2} \boldsymbol{\psi}_s^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} - \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{i}_s^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_s}{dt} - \frac{1}{2} \boldsymbol{\psi}_r^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} - \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{i}_r^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_r}{dt} \\ P_e &= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{i}_s^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_s}{dt} - \frac{1}{2} \boldsymbol{\psi}_s^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_s}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{i}_r^T \frac{d\boldsymbol{\psi}_r}{dt} - \frac{1}{2} \boldsymbol{\psi}_r^T \frac{d\mathbf{i}_r}{dt} \end{aligned} \quad (120)$$

由式(14)可以得到式(121):

$$\begin{aligned} \boldsymbol{\psi}_s^T &= (\mathbf{L}_s \mathbf{i}_s + \mathbf{M}_{sr} \mathbf{i}_r)^T \\ \boldsymbol{\psi}_s^T &= \mathbf{i}_s^T \mathbf{L}_s^T + \mathbf{i}_r^T \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \end{aligned} \quad (121)$$

由式(7)可以得到式(122):

$$\mathbf{L}_s^T = \mathbf{L}_s \quad (122)$$

将式(122)代入式(121), 得到式(123):

$$\boldsymbol{\psi}_s^T = \mathbf{i}_r^T \mathbf{L}_s + \mathbf{i}_s^T \mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \quad (123)$$

由式(15)可以得到式(124):

$$\boldsymbol{\psi}_r^T = (\mathbf{M}_{sr}^T \mathbf{i}_s + \mathbf{L}_r \mathbf{i}_r)^T$$

$$\psi_r^T = i_s^T M_{sr} + i_r^T L_r^T \quad (124)$$

由式(8)可以得到式(125):

$$L_r^T = L_r \quad (125)$$

将式(125)代入式(124), 得到式(126):

$$\psi_r^T = i_s^T M_{sr} + i_r^T L_r \quad (126)$$

将式(28), (29), (123)和(126)代入式(120), 得到式(127):

$$\begin{aligned} P_e &= \frac{1}{2} i_s^T \left(L_s \frac{di_s}{dt} + M_{sr} \frac{di_r}{dt} + \omega_r F_{sr} i_r \right) - \frac{1}{2} (i_s^T L_s + i_r^T M_{sr}^T) \frac{di_s}{dt} \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} i_r^T \left(M_{sr}^T \frac{di_s}{dt} + L_r \frac{di_r}{dt} + \omega_r F_{sr}^T i_s \right) - \frac{1}{2} (i_s^T M_{sr} + i_r^T L_r) \frac{di_r}{dt} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} i_s^T L_s \frac{di_s}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} i_s^T M_{sr} \frac{di_r}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} \omega_r i_s^T F_{sr} i_r - \frac{1}{2} i_s^T L_s \frac{di_s}{dt} - \frac{1}{2} i_r^T M_{sr}^T \frac{di_s}{dt} \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} i_r^T M_{sr}^T \frac{di_s}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} i_r^T L_r \frac{di_r}{dt} + \frac{1}{2} \omega_r i_r^T F_{sr}^T i_s - \frac{1}{2} i_s^T M_{sr} \frac{di_r}{dt} - \frac{1}{2} i_r^T L_r \frac{di_r}{dt} \\ P_e &= 0.5 \omega_r i_s^T F_{sr} i_r + 0.5 \omega_r i_r^T F_{sr}^T i_s \end{aligned} \quad (127)$$

由于矩阵乘积是一个实数, 其转置就等于自身, 由此得到式(128):

$$\begin{aligned} i_s^T F_{sr} i_r &= (i_s^T F_{sr} i_r)^T \\ i_s^T F_{sr} i_r &= i_r^T F_{sr}^T i_s \end{aligned} \quad (128)$$

将式(128)代入式(127), 得到式(129):

$$P_e = \omega_r i_s^T F_{sr} i_r \quad (129)$$

将式(43)和(44)代入式(129), 得到式(130):

$$\begin{aligned} P_e &= \omega_r \left(C_s \hat{i}_s \right)^T F_{sr} C_r \hat{i}_r \\ P_e &= \omega_r \hat{i}_s^T C_s^T F_{sr} C_r \hat{i}_r \end{aligned} \quad (130)$$

由式(33)和(35)可以得到式(131):

$$C_s^T = C_s^{-1} \quad (131)$$

将式(131)代入式(130), 得到式(132):

$$P_e = \omega_r \hat{i}_s^T C_s^{-1} F_{sr} C_r \hat{i}_r \quad (132)$$

将式(52)代入式(132), 得到式(133):

$$P_e = \omega_r \hat{i}_s^T \hat{F}_{sr} \hat{i}_r \quad (133)$$

将式(62), (92)和(93)代入式(133), 得到式(134):

$$\begin{aligned} P_e &= \frac{3}{2} \omega_r M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} i_{d,s} \\ i_{q,s} \\ i_{0,s} \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{d,r} \\ i_{q,r} \\ i_{0,r} \end{bmatrix} \\ P_e &= \frac{3}{2} \omega_r M_{sr} (i_{q,s} i_{d,r} - i_{d,s} i_{q,r}) \end{aligned} \quad (134)$$

将式(43)和(44)代入式(14), 得到式(135):

$$\psi_s = L_s C_s \hat{i}_s + M_{sr} C_r \hat{i}_r \quad (135)$$

按照式(136)定义 dq0 坐标系下的磁链向量 $\hat{\psi}_s \in \Re^{3 \times 1}$:

$$\hat{\psi}_s = C_s^{-1} \psi_s \quad (136)$$

将式(135)代入式(136), 得到式(137):

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\psi}_s &= \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \left(\mathbf{L}_s \mathbf{C}_s \hat{i}_s + \mathbf{M}_{sr} \mathbf{C}_r \hat{i}_r \right) \\ \hat{\psi}_s &= \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{L}_s \mathbf{C}_s \hat{i}_s + \mathbf{C}_s^{-1} \mathbf{M}_{sr} \mathbf{C}_r \hat{i}_r\end{aligned}\quad (137)$$

将式(49)和(51)代入式(137), 得到式(138):

$$\hat{\psi}_s = \hat{\mathbf{L}}_s \hat{i}_s + \hat{\mathbf{M}}_{sr} \hat{i}_r \quad (138)$$

按照式(139)定义磁链向量 $\hat{\psi}_s$ 的各分量:

$$\hat{\psi}_s = [\psi_{d,s} \quad \psi_{q,s} \quad \psi_{0,s}]^T \quad (139)$$

将式(57), (59), (92), (93)和(139)代入式(138), 得到式(140):

$$\begin{bmatrix} \psi_{d,s} \\ \psi_{q,s} \\ \psi_{0,s} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} L_s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & L_s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & L_s - 3M_s \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{d,s} \\ i_{q,s} \\ i_{0,s} \end{bmatrix} + \frac{3}{2} M_{sr} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{d,r} \\ i_{q,r} \\ i_{0,r} \end{bmatrix} \quad (140)$$

由式(140)可以分别得到式(141)和(142):

$$\psi_{d,s} = L_s i_{d,s} + \frac{3}{2} M_{sr} i_{d,r} \quad (141)$$

$$\psi_{q,s} = L_s i_{q,s} + \frac{3}{2} M_{sr} i_{q,r} \quad (142)$$

根据式(141)和(142)可以得到式(143):

$$\begin{aligned}\omega_r (\psi_{d,s} i_{q,s} - \psi_{q,s} i_{d,s}) &= \omega_r \left[\left(L_s i_{d,s} + \frac{3}{2} M_{sr} i_{d,r} \right) i_{q,s} - \left(L_s i_{q,s} + \frac{3}{2} M_{sr} i_{q,r} \right) i_{d,s} \right] \\ &= \omega_r L_s i_{d,s} i_{q,s} + \frac{3}{2} \omega_r M_{sr} i_{d,r} i_{q,s} - \omega_r L_s i_{q,s} i_{d,s} - \frac{3}{2} \omega_r M_{sr} i_{q,r} i_{d,s} \\ \omega_r (\psi_{d,s} i_{q,s} - \psi_{q,s} i_{d,s}) &= \frac{3}{2} \omega_r M_{sr} (i_{q,s} i_{d,r} - i_{d,s} i_{q,r})\end{aligned}\quad (143)$$

将式(143)代入式(134), 得到式(144):

$$P_e = \omega_r (\psi_{d,s} i_{q,s} - \psi_{q,s} i_{d,s}) \quad (144)$$

设感应电机电磁转矩为 T_e , 再根据电磁转矩 T_e 与电磁功率 P_e 的关系得到式(145):

$$T_e = \frac{P_e}{\omega_r} \quad (145)$$

将式(144)代入式(145), 得到式(146):

$$T_e = \psi_{d,s} i_{q,s} - \psi_{q,s} i_{d,s} \quad (146)$$

设感应电机负载的机械转矩为 T_m , 转子转动惯量为 J , 再根据牛顿第二定律得到式(147):

$$J \frac{d\omega_r}{dt} = T_e - T_m \quad (147)$$

将式(146)代入式(147), 得到式(148):

$$J \frac{d\omega_r}{dt} = \psi_{d,s} i_{q,s} - \psi_{q,s} i_{d,s} - T_m \quad (148)$$

设感应电机负载的机械功率为 P_m , 再根据负载的机械转矩 T_m 与其机械功率 P_m 的关系得到式(149):

$$T_m = \frac{P_m}{\omega_r} \quad (149)$$

将式(145)和式(149)代入式(147), 得到式(150):

$$J \frac{d\omega_r}{dt} = \frac{P_e}{\omega_r} - \frac{P_m}{\omega_r}$$

$$J\omega_r \frac{d\omega_r}{dt} = P_e - P_m \quad (150)$$

将式(144)代入式(150), 得到式(151):

$$J\omega_r \frac{d\omega_r}{dt} = \omega_r (\psi_{d,s} i_{q,s} - \psi_{q,s} i_{d,s}) - P_m \quad (151)$$

设感应电机的转子动能为 E_k , 式(152)给出了对转子动能 E_k 的计算:

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} J\omega_r^2 \quad (152)$$

由式(152)可以得到式(153):

$$\frac{dE_k}{dt} = J\omega_r \frac{d\omega_r}{dt} \quad (153)$$

将式(153)代入式(150), 得到式(154):

$$\frac{dE_k}{dt} = P_e - P_m \quad (154)$$

将式(154)代入式(153), 得到式(155):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dE_k}{dt} &= P_\psi - \frac{dE_p}{dt} - P_m \\ \frac{dE_k}{dt} + \frac{dE_p}{dt} &= P_\psi - P_m \\ \frac{d}{dt}(E_k + E_p) &= P_\psi - P_m \end{aligned} \quad (155)$$

将感应电机的磁场能量 E_p 与转子动能 E_k 的和记为 V , 由此得到式(156):

$$V = E_p + E_k \quad (156)$$

将式(156)代入式(155), 得到式(157):

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = P_\psi - P_m \quad (157)$$